

# UNITED NATIONS GLOBAL GEODETIC CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE

MODERNISING GEOSPATIAL REFERENCE SYSTEM CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT WORKSHOP

The importance of a Geospatial Reference System

Nicholas Brown UN-GGCE

**Day 1, Session 2** [1\_2\_1]

Acknowledgements: Zuheir Altamimi (FRA); Detlef Angerman (TUM); Roger Fraser (AUS); Richard Gross (IAG); Craig Harrison (AUS); Sarah Kowal (UN-GGCE); Anna Riddell (AUS); Martin Sehnal (GGOS); Jeffrey Verbeurgt (BEL).

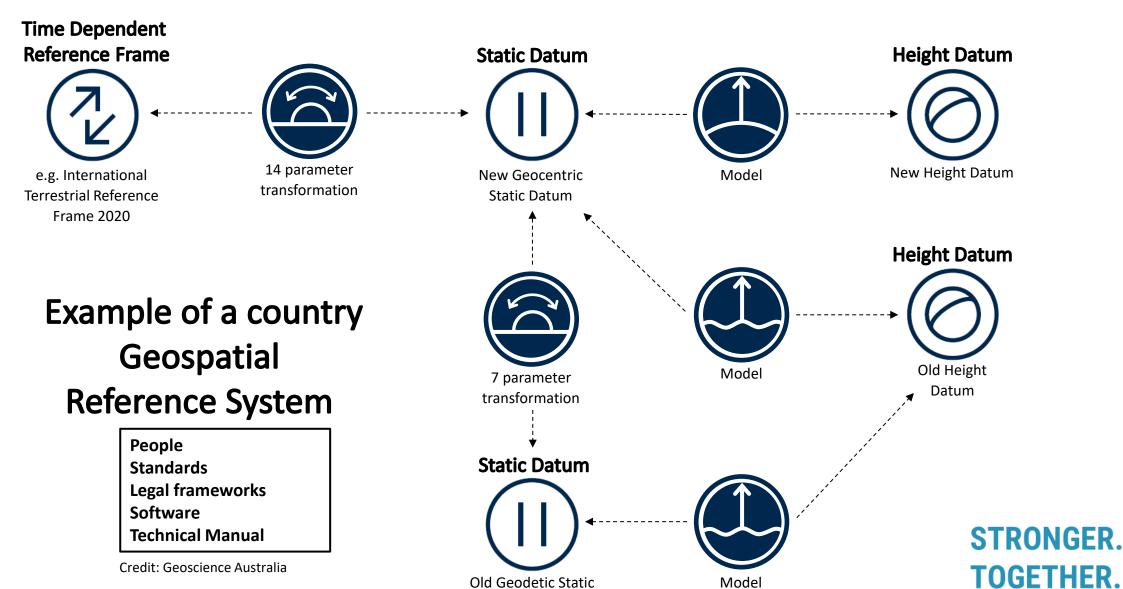
#### **Overview**

- What is a modern Geospatial Reference System?
- What does a Geospatial Reference System enable?
- The components of a Geospatial Reference System
- Explaining a Geospatial Reference System to policy makers





### **Geospatial Reference System**



Datum



#### What does a GRS enable?

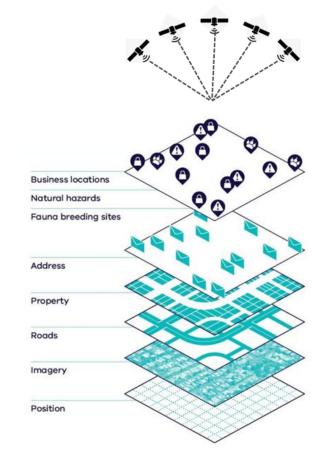
- Accurate positioning and navigation
- Data integration and consistency
- Transformation between different datums
- Spatial analysis with high accuracy
- Real time usage of time dependent data





### Why is a GRS important?

- A Geospatial Reference System underpins the collection, management and alignment of spatial information to make better decisions.
  - survey, mapping and navigation;
  - civil engineering, industrial automation, agriculture, construction, mining;
  - recreation; location-based services;
  - intelligent transport systems, land use planning and administration;
  - hazard assessment, disaster response and emergency management;
  - environmental studies and scientific research.
- The Geospatial Reference System is the glue that allows us to align all geospatial data.

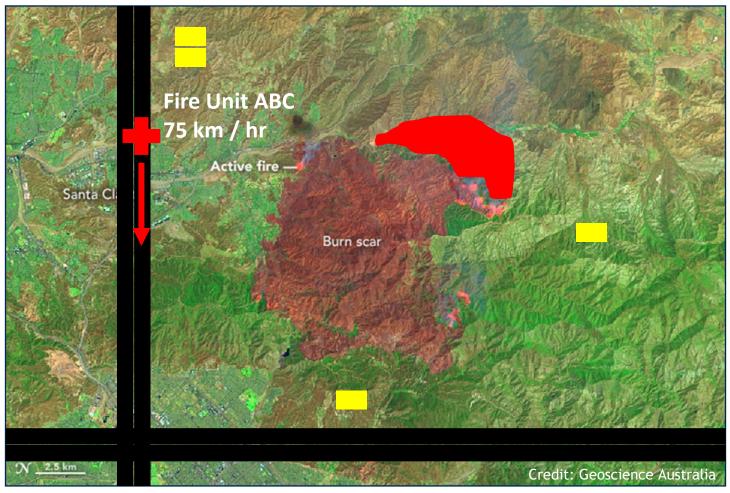


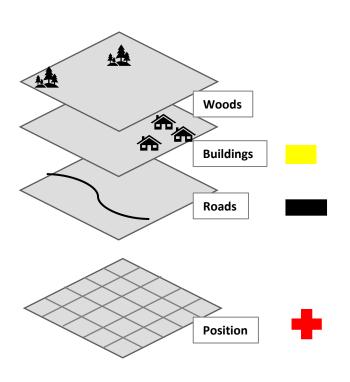
Credit: Victorian State Government, Australia





#### The Importance of a Geospatial Reference System

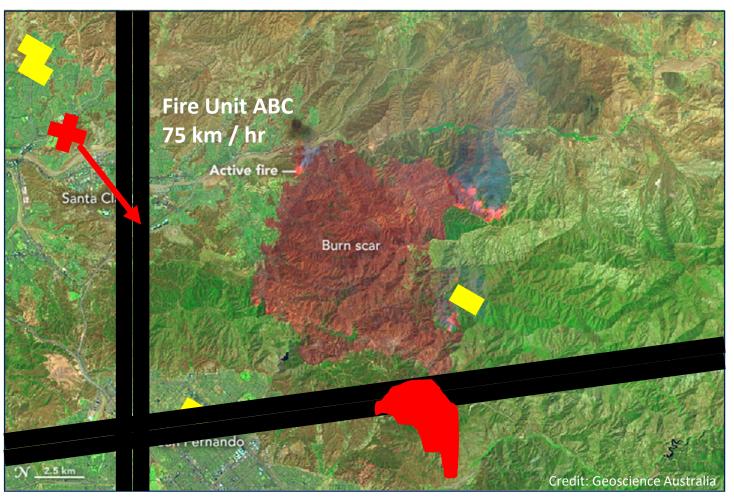




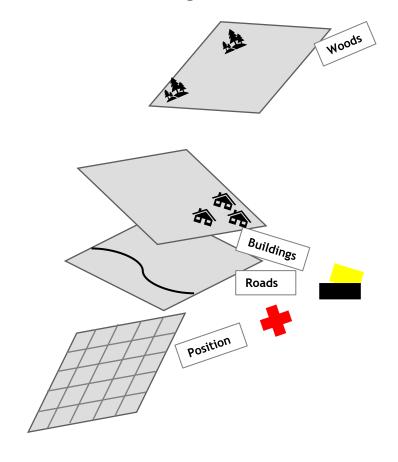




#### The Importance of a Geospatial Reference System











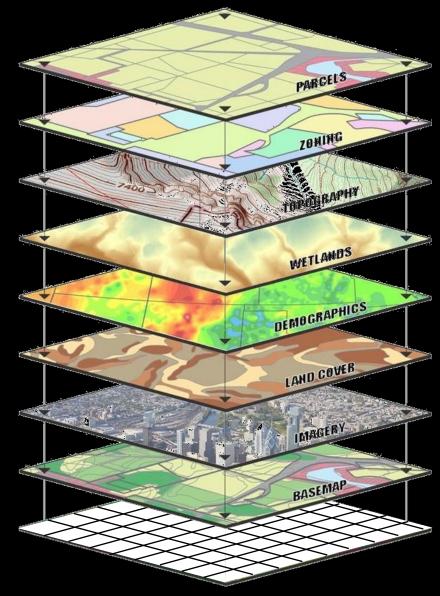
# **Static component of GRS**





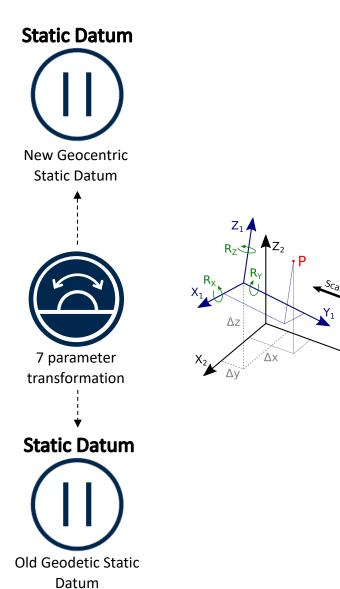






COORDINATE REFERENCE FRAME

### **Transformations in GRS**





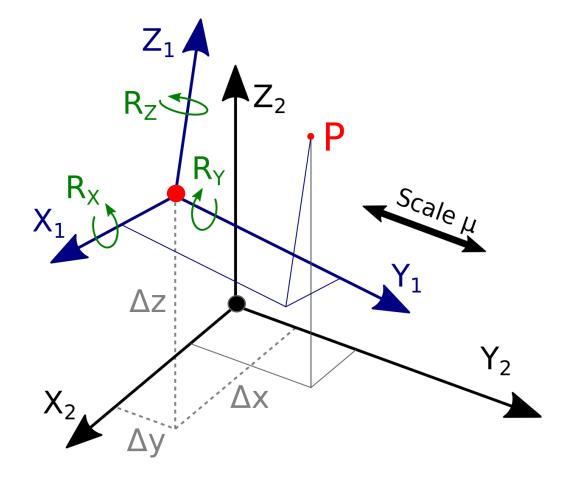


### **Transformation parameters**

#### **7 Transformation parameters**

- 3 translations
- 3 rotations
- 1 scale

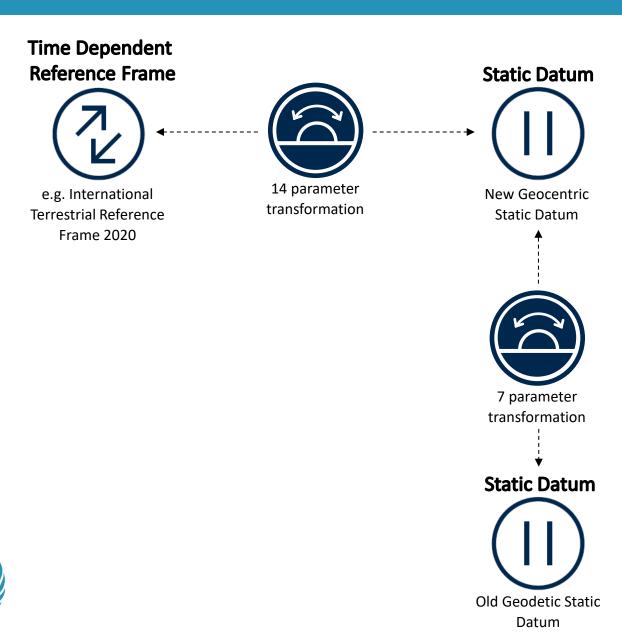
**Need:** sufficient points where coordinates are known in both datums





STRONGER. TOGETHER.

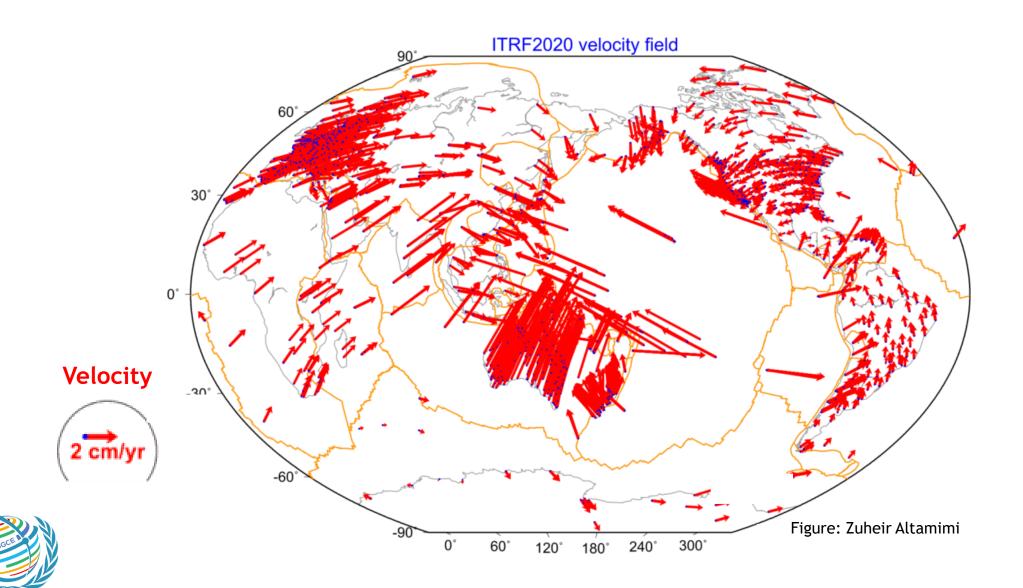
## Time dependent component of GRS





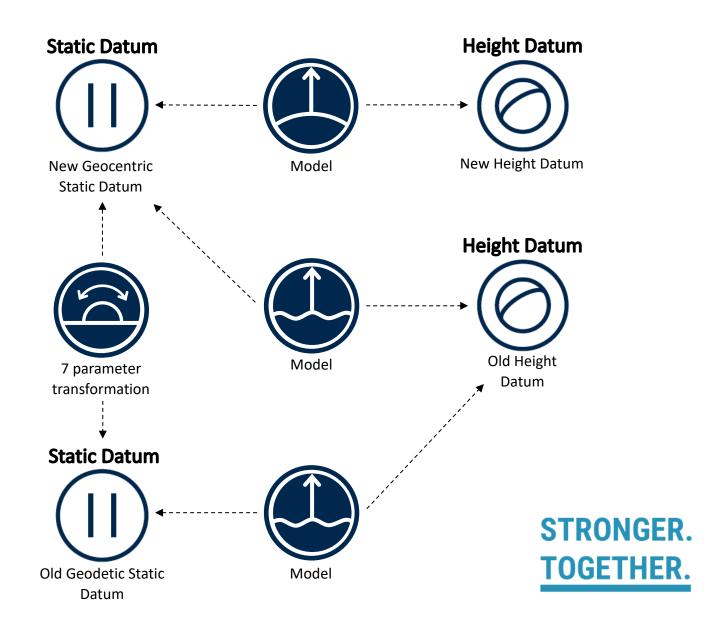
STRONGER. TOGETHER.

# Time dependent reference frame



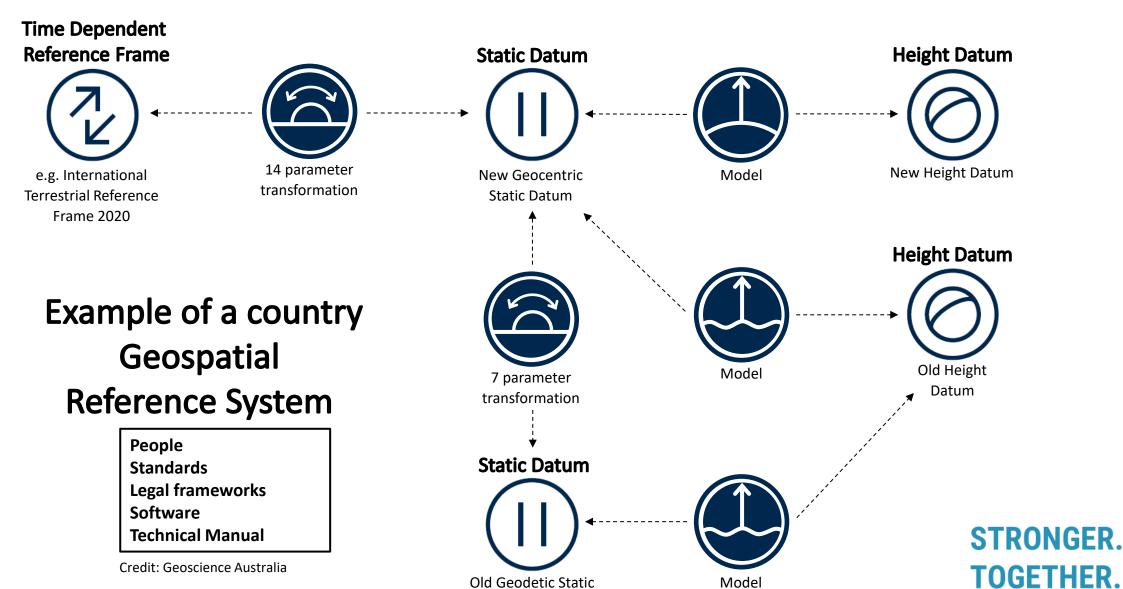


# **Height component of GRS**





### **Geospatial Reference System**



Datum



#### **Threads**

#### Standards and Software

- Standards are required to ensure geodetic information is Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Reusable.
- A good example is the ISO Geodetic Register and EPSG Register which are repositories of datums and transformations.
- A geodesist develops the datums and transformation and makes this technical information available in a standardised format which allows groups like software developers to apply the datum transformation.
- This abstracts the user from the complexities of the technical elements of geodesy and they can just apply a code to accurately and reliably transform the data.

#### Laws or Regulations

- In some countries, the datum is defined in legislation or government regulations.
- These demonstrate the importance of geodesy. Geodesy is providing a foundation for the government and industries which use those laws or regulations.
- For example, cadaster, underground services, aviation, maritime transport, construction industry.
- Increasingly, we will see a reliance on positioning legislation and regulations for drones and intelligent transport services.

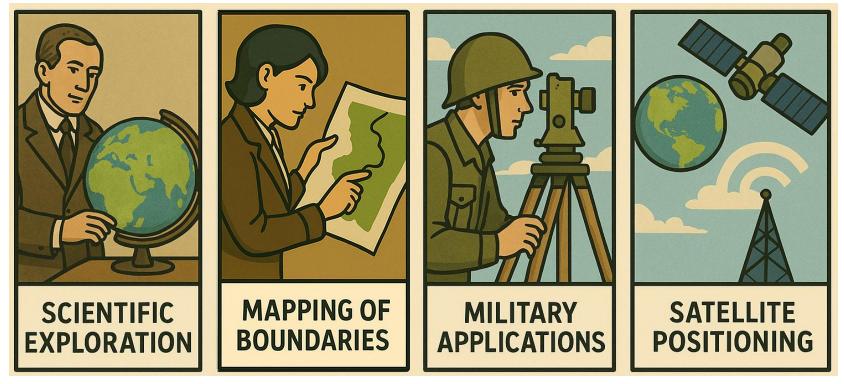
#### People





### Upgrading the GRS is not a new idea

- Over centuries people have been through many phases of upgrading the GRS.
- The reason for the upgrade is always based on the needs of stakeholders.





Source: Generated using ChatGPT.



### Clear vision in words politicians understand

An integrated national positioning capability to accelerate the adoption and development of location-based technology and applications in Australia











### Clear vision in words politicians understand

- The Australian Government has contributed \$1.4 billion towards a positioning project over the next 20 years.
  - SouthPAN SBAS
  - Ground observatories
  - Open Source GNSS analysis
  - People

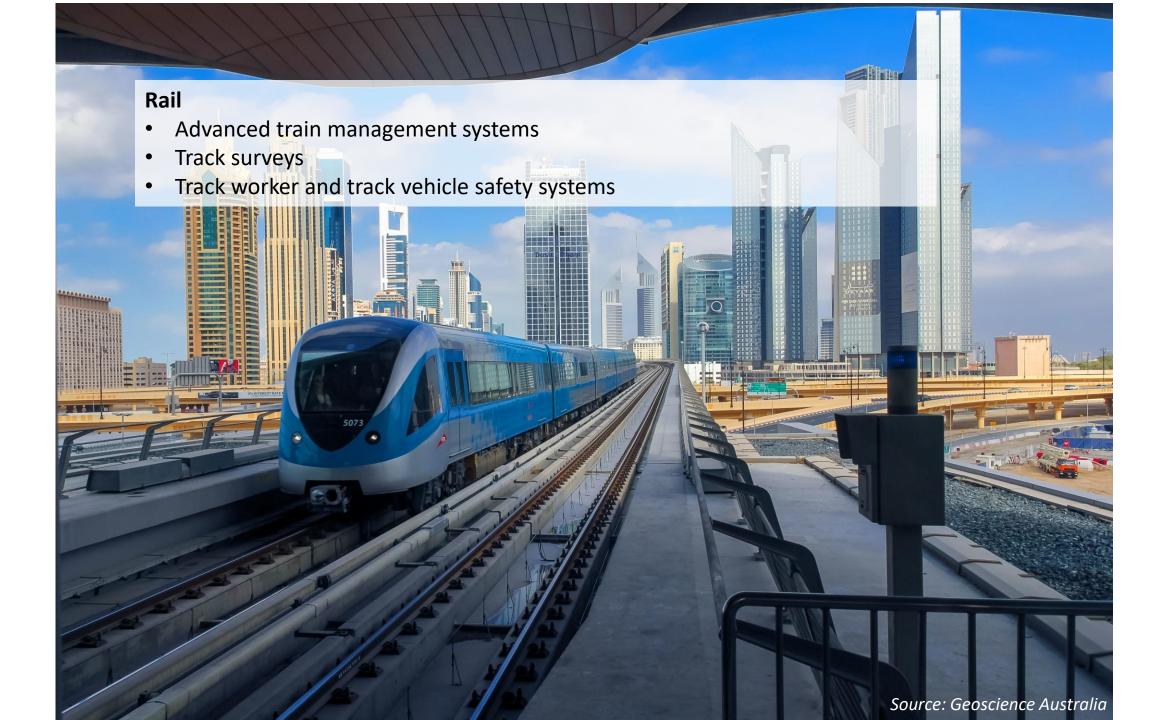




#### **General Aviation**

- Approach Procedures with Vertical guidance (APV)
- Helicopter procedures









- High-precision drone applications for agriculture and forestry
- Aerial surveys



#### Agriculture – livestock

- Virtual fencing for strip grazing
- Behavioural modelling to enable early disease detection
- Quantification of reproductive relationships
- Intelligent spatial analytics



#### Resources

- Mine safety
- Automation of mine sites and supply chains







### Resources or further reading

- Australian Geospatial Reference System Compendium (<a href="https://www.icsm.gov.au/sites/default/files/2022-08/AGRS">https://www.icsm.gov.au/sites/default/files/2022-08/AGRS</a> Compendium 20220816.pdf)
- Positioning Australia industry case studies <a href="https://www.ga.gov.au/scientific-topics/positioning-navigation/positioning-australia/case-studies">https://www.ga.gov.au/scientific-topics/positioning-navigation/positioning-australia/case-studies</a>
- Positioning Australia economic benefits study <a href="https://frontiersi.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2018/08/SBAS-Economic-Benefits-Report.pdf">https://frontiersi.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2018/08/SBAS-Economic-Benefits-Report.pdf</a>
- EUSPA Market Report <a href="https://www.euspa.europa.eu/sites/default/files/external/publications/euspa market report 2024.pdf">https://www.euspa.europa.eu/sites/default/files/external/publications/euspa market report 2024.pdf</a>



